

Salvation Divided By the Scriptures (2 Timothy 2:15)

	Eternal Phase	Legal Phase	Vital Phase	Practical Phase	Final Phase
DESCRIPTION:	God's will, purpose, plan. An act of God's mind. Occurred in eternity. Basis for the other phases. (Eph 1:11; Isa 46:9-11; Acts 15:18; Rom 4:17).	Reconciled God's nature. Result of God's counsel. Legal acts occur in time. Basis for God's operation. (Gen 18:25; Deu 32:4; Job 8:3; Rom 3:4-6).	Needs personal existence. Living (vital) union to plan. Union begins in time. Basis for practical phase. Conditioned upon God. (1 Cor 15:39-49).	Personal actions in time. Evidence of vital nature. Individual responsibility. Manifests the vital phase. Conditioned on man. (Matt 7:20; 12:33)	Consummation of purpose. All objectives realized. Conditioned on God's plan. Occurs at the end of time. Manifests God's counsel. (Job 23:13-14; Is 14:24;44:7)
CONDEMNATION:	Sin foreknown & planned. Sin imputation designed. Reprobation of non-elect. (Pro 16:4; Rom 9:22; 2 Pet 2:9,17; Jude 4).	Adam ate the fruit in Eden. Sin imputation executed. All men made sinners legally Sentence of death passed. (Rom 5:12-19; cp 3:12).	Occurs at conception. Living union with Adam. Men born spiritually dead. Men get a corrupt nature. (Psa 51:5; John 3:6).	Begins at natural birth. Involves personal sins. Manifests spiritual death. Evidences corrupt nature. (Psa 58:3; Rom 3:9-19).	Occurs at the last judgment. Results in the second death. Ultimate penalty for sinning. God shows wrath & power. (Rev 20:11-15; 2 Ths 1:6-9).
Main component:	Reprobation	Condemnation	Natural generation	Rebellion	Damnation
Conditioned upon:	God's will	Adam's transgression	Human reproduction	Human disobedience	God's justice
Time occurring:	Eternity past	Garden of Eden	Physical conception	Individual's own sins	Final day of judgment
Common error:	Ignored or rejected	Affected Adam only	Age of accountability	Life offered to all	God regrets His action
SALVATION:	God foreknew His elect. Elect chosen in Christ. Predestinated to be sons. Christ ordained to die. Heaven prepared for elect. Saved from <u>plan of sin</u> . (Rom 8:29-30; 1 Pet 1:2; Eph 1:3-5; 2 Tim 1:9; Acts 13:48; Rom 9:23; 1 Pet 1:20; Matt 25:34).	Christ died for the elect. Elect legally in Christ. Representation by Christ. Sins legally eliminated. God is just & the justifier. Saved from the <u>penalty of sin</u> . (1 Pet 1:2; 2 Cor 5:21; Heb 2:14-17; 8:12; Is 40:2; Rom 3:24-26; 4:25; 5:14-19; Ex 34:7; Psa 85:10).	Christ gives life to the elect. United to Christ by life. New nature given by birth. Bestowal of spiritual life. Adoption effected by birth. Saved from the <u>power of sin</u> . (John 1:12-13; 3:5-8; 5:25; Eph 2:1-6, 10; 2 Cor 5:17; Jam 1:18; Tit 3:5).	Elect with life may act. In Christ my practice. Provides evidence of life. Works prove justification. Manifestation of sonship. Saved from <u>practice of sin</u> . (Phil 2:12-13; Rom 13:14; Jam 5:19-20; 2:14-26; 1 John 3:10; 2 Pet 1:5-12).	Elect receive eternal life. Forever in Christ's presence. Elect made completely holy. God shows riches of glory. Bodies redeemed from grave. Saved from <u>presence of sin</u> . (John 5:28-29; 1 Pet 1:5; Rom 8:23; 8:29-30; 9:23; 1 Ths 4:17; 5:25; Rev 21:27).
Main component:	Election	Justification	Regeneration	Conversion	Glorification
Conditioned upon:	God's will	Death of Christ	Spirit's will & power	Elect's obedience	God's faithfulness
Time occurring:	Eternity past	Resurrection of Christ	Individual's new birth	Individual's repentance	Final day of resurrection
Common error:	Ignored or rejected	Potential only	Conditional upon man	Misapplied to eternal life	Separated from God's plan